CLOSED SHELF

The People's Korea

No. 503 EVERY WEDNESDAY OCTOBER 21, 1970 ★ Price 15 yen (5 cents)

In Presence of Marshal KIM IL SUNG, Meet Celebrating 25th Anniversary of Start of Korean Central Radio Held

PYONGYANG, Oct. 15 (KCNA)—A grand meeting celebrating the 25th anniversary of the start of the Korean Central Radio was held yesterday afternoon at the Pyongyang Grand Theatre in the presence of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader.

Attending the meeting were a large number of functionaries of Party and government organs and public organizations, central and local radio and communication workers and men of science, education, culture, arts and the press, servicemen of the Korean People's Army and working people in the city.

Respectfully placed on the platform of the meeting hall was a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the 40 million Korean people, who, taking upon himself the destiny of the fatherland and nation for over 40 years since he started his revolutionary activities in his early years, has steadfastly led our revolution along the one road of victory, personally tiding over all heavy storms.

The great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and Premier of the Cabinet of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, appeared on the platform at 4:30 in the afternoon amid the playing of the welcome music.

The entire attendants rose to their feet and warmly welcomed the fatherly Leader with the loud cheers, "Long live Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader!" and prolonged, stormy applause that shook the hall.

Amid endless cheers of *manse* (hurrah) and applause women journalists presented a basket of flowers carrying the sentiments of boundless respect and adoration of the entire radio workers of our country to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader.

Taking the platform were Comrades Choi Yong Kun, Kim Il, Pak Sung Chul, Kim Dong Gyu, Kim Jung Rin and Han Ik Su; and Kim Guk Tae, Director of a Department of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea; leading functionaries of the Korean Central Broadcasting Committee and model radio workers.

The meeting opened with the playing of the national anthem.

A congratulatory message from the Central Committee of the Party and the Cabinet of the Republic to the reporters, editors, translators, announcers, radio artists, workers, technicians and office employees of the Korean Central Broadcasting Committee was conveyed at the meeting by Comrade Kim Il, Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and First vice-Premier of the Cabinet.

Chu Hyon Ok, Chairman of the Korean Central Broadcasting Committee, made a report at the meeting.

The reporter said: The presence of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, at this meeting today when he is so busy leading the Party and state affairs, is another great trust and deep solicitude of the Leader to the entire radio workers of the Republic and a boundless glory and joy and greatest happiness for us.

When the reporter respectfully extended highest honour and warm thanks, representing the unanimous sentiments of loyalty of the entire radio workers to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of our Party and the 40 million Korean people, who always leads our people to victory and glory, happiness and prosperity, who founded our radio, an ideological weapon of the Party, and has shown warm care for its strengthening and development and again bestowed boundless glory upon them, the entire attendants expressed the feelings of ardent loyalty to and trust in the fatherly Leader with prolonged, stormy applause.

Saying that the history of our radio full of glory began with the broadcasting to the whole world of the speech of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, at the Pyongyang city mass rally welcoming him after his triumphal return, over the first radio waves on Oct. 14, 1945, the reporter proudly said that our radio which inherited the brilliant traditions of the revolutionary press and oral propaganda activities established in the flames of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, has traversed a glorious path in the past 25 years under the wise leadership and solicitude of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, overcoming all difficulties and trials barring its advance.

The reporter dwelt in detail on the role played by the Korean Central Radio in promoting our revolution and construction in each stage of the revolution during the last 25 years.

Pointing out that in the past the radio workers have actively striven to firmly arm themselves with the great revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the unitary ideology of the Party, establish *Juche* in radio and enhance the Party spirit, working-class spirit and popular spirit of radio, the reporter stressed:

Through revolutionary practice and experiences of life, our radio workers have deeply felt that there is no greater honour and happiness than propagandizing the revolutionary ideas of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, and struggling devotedly for their realization, and gained the valuable lesson that the radio can truly contribute to the final victory of the Korean revolu-

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A grand meeting celebrating the 25th anniversary of the start of the Korean Central Radio was held on Oct. 14 at the Pyongyang Grand Theatre in the presence of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader. Photo: The platform of the meeting

Premier KIM IL SUNG Sends Greetings to Chairman Of Laotian Patriotic Front CC

PYONGYANG, Oct. 12 (KCNA)—Premier Kim Il Sung sent on Oct. 11 a telegram of greetings to Prince Souphanouvong, Chairman of the Central Committee of the Laotian Patriotic Front, on the occasion of the 25th anniversary of the independence of Laos.

The telegram of greetings reads:

On the occasion of the 25th anniversary of the independence of Laos, I, in the name of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the entire Korean people and in my own name, extend the warmest congratulations to Your Excellency and, through Your Excellency, to the Central Committee of the Laotian Patriotic Front and the heroic Laotian people.

The independence of Laos was a brilliant fruition of the protracted, arduous anti-imperialist revolutionary struggle of the Laotian people and an epochal event in the history of the Laotian people.

Since the independence the Laotian people, under the correct leadership of the Laotian Patriotic Front headed by Your Excellency have waged a vigorous struggle against the foreign aggressors and the domestic reactionary forces in league with them and for defending the freedom and independence of the country.

Today the Laotian people are inflicting heavy military and political defeats upon the enemy and winning shining victories by courageously fighting, displaying mass heroism and indomitable revolutionary spirit in the righteous war of resistance for national salvation against the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their lackeys and for the complete liberation and unification and independence of the country.

The victories won by the Laotian people constitute an encouragement to the peoples struggling for national liberation and a great contribution to the cause of the anti-imperialist common struggle.

The Korean people sincerely rejoice as over their own over the victories of the fraternal Laotian people in the war of resistance against U.S. aggression and for national salvation and warmly hail them.

The Laotian question must be solved on the basis of the 1962 Geneva accords and the statement of the Laotian five-point proposal clarified in the statement of the Laotian Patriotic Front dated March 6, 1970, and the U.S. imperialists must unconditionally stop the barbarous bombing and all acts of aggression against the territory of Laos and quit Laos at once, taking along all their aggressor forces.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people will as ever do everything possible to render active support and encouragement to the war of resistance against U.S. aggression and for national salvation of the Laotian people who are heroically fighting shoulder to shoulder with the Vietnamese and Cambodian peoples and will always firmly unite with the Laotian people in the anti-U.S. common struggle.

Firmly convinced that the militant solidarity and the relations of friendship and cooperation formed between the peoples of our two countries will further strengthen and develop through the struggle against U.S. imperialism, the common enemy, I sincerely wish Your Excellency and the Laotian people more fresh victory in the sacred war of resistance against U.S. aggression and for national salvation.

WPK CC Announces Its 5th Congress Will Open Nov. 2

PYONGYANG, Oct. 11 (KCNA)—The Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea announced today as follows:

The provincial (municipal), city (district) and county Party conferences were held from July to early October in a grandiose atmosphere in which the whole country is seething with revolutionary enthusiasm and militant spirit with the historic 5th Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea at hand.

The provincial (municipal), city (district) and county Party conferences summed up the brilliant victories made in the struggle for implementing the decisions of the 4th Congress and the Conference of the Party under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of our Party and the 40 million Korean people.

The conferences demonstrated that the unitary ideological system of the Party has been firmly established in the whole Party and whole society and the unity and cohesion of the Party strengthened as never before on the basis of the great idea of *Juche* of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, and proved that great achievements have been made in the revolution and construction.

Delegates to the 5th Congress of the Party elected at the provincial (municipal) Party conferences will arrive in Pyongyang by Oct. 25.

A preliminary meeting for the work of the 5th Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea will open on Oct. 28.

The 5th Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea will open on Nov. 2, 1970.

"Brief History of Revolutionary Activities of Comrade KIM IL SUNG" (14)

Guiding the Party and the people's government, Comrade Kim Il Sung victoriously carried out the historic democratic reforms. It was a lawful demand of the socio-economic development of our country to carry out the democratic reforms.

Comrade Kim Il Sung taught that the economic basis of the reactionary classes including the landowners and comprador capitalists could be eliminated, a broad way could be opened for social progress, the socio-economic foundations of the people's power could be cemented and the northern half could be turned into a powerful revolutionary democratic base only when the democratic reforms were carried out.

Comrade Kim Il Sung raised the solution of the land problem as the prime task in carrying out the democratic reforms.

Comrade Kim Il Sung said as follows:

"The question of land is a burning question to be solved before anything else in the stage of democratic revolution. The solution of the land question is indispensable for wiping out the economic foothold of the reactionary forces rooted in the rural areas, for emancipating the peasants from the shackles of feudalistic exploitation to raise their political zeal to a great degree and fortifying the socio-political foundations for the democratization of all political, economic and cultural life in the country. And only by carrying out land reform is it possible to free the agricultural productive forces from the feudal fetters, develop them quickly and promote forcefully the rehabilitation and development of the national industry and the whole of the national economy. The solution of the land question acquired a particularly important meaning in our country which was a backward colonial agrarian country, the overwhelming majority of its population being peasants."

For a correct solution of the land problem, Comrade Kim Il Sung, despite the claims of busy work right after the liberation, personally went out to many farm villages, had heart-to-heart talks with peasants to acquaint himself concretely with how matters stood there and what they needed, and, taking into full consideration the balance of class forces and the relations of landownership in the countryside of our country, the age-old aspirations of our peasants for the land and even the question of the socialist transformation of agriculture to be carried out later, prescribed whom the land was to be confiscated from and decided on the most thoroughgoing line of land reform based on the principle of confiscating the lands of the landowners and giving them gratis to the landless and land-poor peasants.

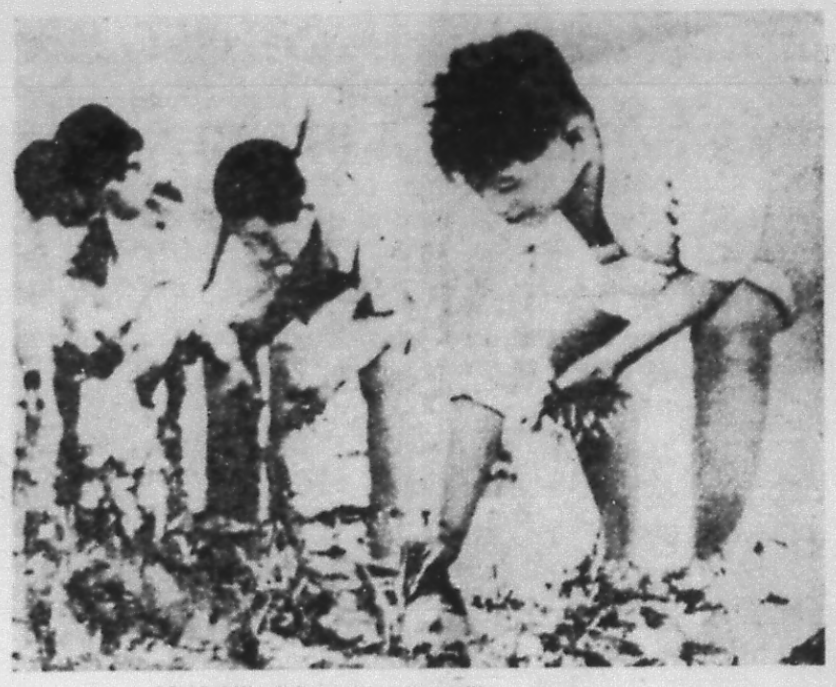
Prior to the enforcement of the land reform, Comrade Kim Il Sung heightened the revolutionary enthusiasm and political awakening of the peasants through political work among them and through the struggle for the enforcement of the three-to-seven system and, on this basis, put forth the slogan "Land to the tillers!" and aroused the peasants to the materialization of the land reform.

On the basis of these preparations Comrade Kim Il Sung proclaimed the historic Law of Land Reform on March 5, 1946.

The peasants of the whole country enthusiastically supported the Law of Land Reform which mirrored their centuries-old aspirations and earnest desire.

For the successful fulfilment of the land reform Comrade Kim Il Sung organized and mobilized the whole Party and the entire people. He personally dispatched Party members and best contingents of the working class to the countryside, and organized the Rural Committees with the hired and poor peasants, and let them undertake and carry out the land reform themselves with the support of the working class.

The land reform was carried out amidst an acute class struggle. The U.S. imperialists who occupied South Korea and their lackeys infiltrated numerous spies, terrorists, wreckers and saboteurs into the northern half to ruin the land reform, and the landowners and the reactionaries viciously came out against the land reform.



Marshal Kim Il Sung plants rice seedlings with peasants.

Comrade Kim Il Sung guided the Party and the people's government to frustrate the enemy's subversive manœuvres at every step, rectified Right and Left deviations revealed in the course of the land reform, and led this great reform to a splendid victory.

Under Comrade Kim Il Sung's sagacious guidance, the land reform was carried out most thoroughly and victoriously in a very short span of time—some twenty-odd days. Thus, in the northern half the feudal relations of landownership and exploitation system were liquidated and the peasants became masters of land which they had been longing for over centuries. As a result of the land reform, the agricultural productive forces were freed from the feudal fetters, and the rehabilitation and development of the national industry and the national economy as a whole could be forcefully driven forward by rapidly developing agriculture. Further, the economic foundations of the reactionary forces rooted in the countryside were liquidated, political enthusiasm of the peasants was highly elevated and the socio-political foundations for the democratization of the country's political, economic and cultural life as a whole were consolidated. Through the land reform, the worker-peasant alliance was further strengthened and the class positions of the Party were fortified further in the countryside.

Indeed, the land reform in our country carried out for the first time in the East and in a most thoroughgoing way under the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, was a bright beacon that illumined the way ahead of the peoples of the countries who were suffering from colonial and feudal exploitation, and immensely inspired and stimulated their struggle against imperialism and the feudal forces at home.

Following the land reform, Comrade Kim Il Sung proclaimed the Law on the Nationalization of Industries on August 10, 1946.

This was a historic measure which rendered it possible to eliminate the political and economic footholds of the imperialists and the domestic reactionaries, make use of the country's major means of production for independent development of the national economy and for promotion of welfare of the entire people, and lay the basis of the socialist economy.

As a result of the nationalization of industries, all industrial establishments which had belonged to the Japanese imperialists and the comprador capitalists were nationalized and the roots of all social miseries were eliminated in the main from industrial fields, socialist production relations came into being, the basis was provided for a planned development of the national economy, the working class became master of the means of production and its leading position grew firmer.

Besides the economic reforms, Comrade Kim Il Sung promulgated the Labour Law, Law on the Equality of the Sexes, etc., to guarantee full democratic freedom and rights of the working people, and took a series of measures for the democratization of the judicial administration and education.

Right after the liberation Comrade Kim Il Sung raised the issue of training national cadres as one of the fundamental questions for the upbuilding of a new country, as a key problem on which depended the success of the revolution and constructive work, and he always directed deep concern to it and gave scrupulous guidance in the work.

Comrade Kim Il Sung taught as follows:

"For the regeneration of our nation and the building of our country into an independent democratic state, we should have our own men of culture and arts, scientists and technicians. In other words, we need national cadres fully capable of building and developing our country in every field of politics, economy and culture."

Comrade Kim Il Sung set forth the policy of training national cadres, a policy of boldly embracing old intellectuals, educating and remoulding them and actively drawing them into building up a new society, while training new national cadres of working people origin in a big way.

Even under the difficult conditions immediately after the liberation, he established numerous schools of all levels everywhere in the country including colleges and specialized schools to rear new intellectuals of worker and peasant origins; and he took positive measures for training more national cadres at a faster rate by establishing the educational system which combined study with work, besides the regular educational system.

Right after the liberation, on the direct initiative of Comrade Kim Il Sung and thanks to his concern, Party schools of all levels including the Central Party School were established, many higher and common educational institutions and various training centres were set up, including the Kim Il Sung University, and a large number of talent were trained. Besides, numerous cadres were trained in the course of practical revolutionary work.

Especially, Comrade Kim Il Sung personally established the Mangyongdae Revolution School to bring up into pillars of the revolution the bereaved children of those revolutionaries who had fallen in battle for freedom and independence of the country in the days of the anti-Japanese armed struggle, and showed deep concern and solicitude for their education.

Thanks to the parental love and concern of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the bereaved children of the revolutionaries were brought up as reliable successors to our revolution.

Comrade Kim Il Sung paid particular attention to the upbuilding of democratic national culture, and organized and directed this work.

With a view to liquidating the aftermaths of the Japanese imperialist policy of keeping the Korean people in ignorance and obliterating the national culture of Korea, Comrade Kim Il Sung democratized education and saw to it that upwards of 8,000 adult schools were established and run immediately after the liberation and thus made it possible to wipe out the illiteracy from this land for ever.

He also indicated a clear course of developing science, literature, arts and physical culture and took various measures for their advancement.

Comrade Kim Il Sung energetically aroused the political enthusiasm of the people, which had been keyed up through the democratic reforms, for the upbuilding of a new country, and he himself led the van of it.

In May 1946 he suggested riparian works on the River Potong-gang as the first step in the materialization of the far-reaching plan of remaking the nature of the country; he himself attended the ceremony for starting the works and took up the first spade to dig earth. This first spade taken up personally by Comrade Kim Il Sung, this scintilla immensely stirred up the hearts of the liberated people and forcefully aroused them to the construction of a new country.

The citizens of Pyongyang, boundlessly encouraged by the initiative of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, by the example shown by him, wrought the miracle of winding up this difficult riparian project in no more than 55 days, which the Japanese imperialists could not accomplish even in ten years.

Upholding the appeal of the respected and beloved Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung for coming out in the upbuilding of a new country, the workers displayed the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance and devoted all their wisdom and stamina to the work of rehabilitating the factories and enterprises severely destroyed by the Japanese imperialists. And in the year of 1946 alone 822 factories and enterprises including the Hungnam Fertilizer Factory and the Hwanghae Iron Works were rehabilitated and put into operation. Holding aloft the appeal of the Leader "Let us greet the first spring of the liberated Korea with increased production and let us not leave even an inch of land in furlough!" the peasants successfully ensured the spring tilling and sowing in 1946, and started the irrigation and reclamation works including river-dyke projects in an all-people movement.

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tion and world revolution only when it is infinitely loyal to the Leader and unconditionally faithful to the teachings of the Leader.

The reporter underscored the tasks confronting the radio workers. He said:

Upholding the teachings of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, that **"The greatest national task confronting the Workers' Party of Korea and the Korean people at the present stage is to achieve the unification of the fatherland and the triumph of the revolution on a nation-wide scale. To do so, it is necessary first of all to push ahead vigorously with the revolution and construction in the northern half where the people have already taken power into their hands and are building a new life, and to turn the northern half into a powerful base of our revolution,"** our radio, the ideological standard bearer of the Party and the powerful weapon of the revolutionary struggle, should exert every effort for the fulfilment of these lofty revolutionary tasks and fully perform its function and role as the collective propagandist and collective organizer.

A letter of pledge to Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, was adopted amid stormy applause of the attendants at the meeting.

The meeting closed with the playing of the "Song of General Kim Il Sung."

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, posed for a photograph with the entire reporters, editors, translators, announcers, radio artists, workers, technicians and office employees of the Korean Central Broadcasting Committee.

Ever-Victorious Glorious Workers' Party of Korea under Leadership of Great Leader

Rodong Sinmun's Editorial

PYONGYANG, Oct. 10 (KCNA)—Today's Rodong Sinmun carries an editorial headlined "Ever-Victorious Glorious Workers' Party of Korea under the Leadership of the Great Leader on the occasion of the 25th anniversary of the founding of the Workers' Party of Korea.

The editorial says:

On the 25th anniversary of the founding of the Workers' Party of Korea, our Party members and people who are retrospecting the proud road of struggle and victory they have, traversed holding aloft the banner of the glorious Party are filled with the feelings of boundless adoration for and loyalty to the outstanding and sagacious Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the founder and Leader of our Party, who has led them to the great victory and happiness of today and are making a new revolutionary determination to fight more staunchly along the road of revolution indicated by the Leader, cherishing the high honour and pride of being his revolutionary soldiers.

The founding of our Party by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, on October 10, 1945, was a great event which marked a new turn in the communist movement of our country and in the development of the Korean revolution as a whole and in the history of the revolutionary struggle of our people for the unification and independence of the fatherland and for the cause of socialism and communism.

The founding of our Party was a brilliant realization of the grand plan of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, for the upbuilding of a powerful revolutionary Party of the working class in our country and a precious fruit of the protracted struggle waged by the Korean Communists and working class under his leadership.

From that time the communist movement of our country came to develop under the unified leadership of the Party and have a powerful political weapon for translating into practice the revolutionary idea of the great Leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the unitary ideology of the Party. And from that time the working class and the working masses of our country came to have the Marxist-Leninist General Staff their powerful vanguard detachment, in the revolutionary struggle, advance the revolutionary cause of our country along the straight path of victory under the leadership of the Party and contribute, as a reliable national detachment of the world revolutionary ranks, more positively to the development of the international communist movement and the world revolution.

The past 25 years since the founding of our Party has been a period full of great revolutionary events in the history of our Party and the development of the revolutionary movement of our country.

The founding of our Party, its strengthening and development into a powerful Marxist-Leninist Party and the great achievements made in revolution and construction under the banner of the Party have been made possible solely because Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Marxist-Leninist and brilliant Leader of the revolution, who has been tempered and seasoned in the raging storms of the long-drawn revolutionary struggle and is possessed of profound revolutionary theory, a wealth of experiences of struggle, firm revolutionary principle, extraordinary revolutionary sweep, keen scientific insight and distinguished ability of leadership, stood in the van of our revolution and led the Party and the people along the most correct road.

The ever-victorious glorious Workers' Party of Korea, this is a Party personally founded and led by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, and a Party which struggles to embody his great revolutionary idea, the idea of *Juche*, in our country.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, taught as follows:

"Our purpose of founding a Party is, on all accounts, to unite those who have the same idea with ours, unify the fatherland, achieve the nation-wide victory of the Korean revolution and build socialism and communism. As I always say, our idea is Marxism-Leninism which is run through with the principles of Juche in ideology, independence in politics, self-sustenance in the economy and self-defence in national defence, and creatively applied to the actual conditions of Korea."

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, took the road of the revolutionary struggle in his early age, taking upon himself the destinies of the fatherland and the nation, created the great idea of *Juche*, established the guiding theory and strategy and tactics of the Korean revolution and laid the firm organizational and ideological basis for the founding of our Party in the flames of the heroic anti-Japanese armed struggle, hewing an original road for the founding of a Party from the first days of the revolutionary activities.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, taught as follow:

"The anti-Japanese armed struggle, having overcome the fundamental weaknesses that were found in the early years of the communist movement in Korea, laid the organizational and ideological groundwork for the founding of a Marxist-Leninist Party and established the most glorious revolutionary traditions of our people."

It was only thanks to the wise leadership of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the outstanding Marxist-Leninist and brilliant Leader of the revolution, who enjoys the unreserved trust and authority among the Korean Communists and people and to the solid organizational and ideological preparations for the founding of a Party made by him in the midst of the flames of the revolution for a long period that the historic cause of founding a genuine revolutionary Party of the working class in our country could be brilliantly accomplished in time by smashing all sorts of splitting and subversive machinations of the class enemies at home and abroad even under so complicated and confused situation right after the Liberation and the Party could be strengthened and developed on a firm basis from the first days of its founding.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, not only founded the Party but created a new original theory on the upbuilding of a revolutionary Party and brilliantly embodied it, thereby strengthening and developing our Party into a powerful combat detachment.

Expounding for the first time the original idea that the establishment of the unitary ideological system of the Party is the basic principle of the Marxist-Leninist Party upbuilding, Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, taught as follows:

"...To establish the unitary ideological system of the Party is to enable it to play satisfactorily its role as the vanguard detachment of the working class and role as its organized detachment by further consolidating and developing the organizational, ideological and theoretical basis of the Party; it is the fundamental principle of the Marxist-Leninist Party upbuilding and an important problem deciding the victory of the socialist revolution and the destiny of communist construction."

Owing to the peculiarities of the development of our revolutionary movement, particularly under the condition in which the Party was founded without thoroughly eliminating the filths of factionalism that had existed historically in the communist movement of our country and the subversive, splitting manoeuvres of U.S. imperialism standing opposed to us were serious, it was a key problem deciding the destiny of our Party and the victory or defeat of our revolution to strengthen the unity and cohesion of the whole Party on the basis of the revolutionary idea, the idea of *Juche*, of the Leader.

Our Party has swept away all the counter-revolutionary ideological venoms such as factionalism, flunkeyism, dogmatism, opportunism, bourgeois ideas and feudalistic Confucian ideas and thoroughly armed the whole Party with the only one idea—the revolutionary idea, the idea of *Juche*, of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader,—and firmly established the unitary ideological system in the Party.

The firm and unshakable unity and cohesion of the whole Party based on the revolutionary idea, the idea of *Juche*, of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader—this is the most precious irreplaceable gain won by our people in the protracted revolutionary struggle and in the struggle for the consolidation and development of our Party, and the decisive guarantee for all the victories in our revolution.

On the basis of an original line of building a mass Party Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, rearing the solid nuclei of the Party, brought the qualitative consolidation of the ranks of the Party close to their numerical growth and steadily expanded and strengthened them and, at the same time, consolidated the Party organizationally and ideologically through the practical struggle, constantly tempered the Party spirit of the Party member and strengthened their Party organizational life and strengthened the cell, the lowest organizaion of the Party in conformity with the requirements of the revolutionary task to enhance the leading role of the Party in all domains and at all units.

With the generalization in the whole Party of the great Chongsan-*ri* spirit and Chongsan-*ri* method created by the Leader, bureaucratism and formalism have been cleared away, the Party work has been completely turned into a creative living work with men and the leading role of the Party and the links between the Party and the masses have been strengthened as never before.

The Workers' Party of Korea which was founded by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the revolution, and steadily strengthened and developed in accordance with his original line of Party upbuilding, has today become an invincible militant detachment firmly armed with the revolutionary idea, the idea of *Juche*, of the Leader, a tested and seasoned revolutionary vanguard detachment leading our revolution along the straight road towards victory, defeating any enemy and pulling through any difficulties and a great Marxist-Leninist Party which is continually advancing in the frontranks of the world revolution.

Twenty-five years since the founding of the Party—this is not so long a period in the history of a Party struggling for the revolutionary cause of the working class. In this period, however, our Party has done truly much work for the prosperity of the fatherland and the freedom and happiness of the people and for the victory of the cause of our revolution and the world revolution, and made great achievements which will shine brilliantly in history.

The editoria refers in detail to the fact that along the original lines and policies worked out by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the brilliant Leader of the revolution, our Party successfully carried out the anti-imperialist, anti-feudal democratic revolution and the socialist revolution in the northern half of the Republic and made a great leap in all domains of politics, the economy, culture and national defence.

The editorial goes on:

Today our country which had suffered an eclipse on the world map in the past is called by the world people the "fatherland of *Juche*," "Chollima Korea" and "model country of socialism" and is imposingly standing in the East as a mighty and dignified socialist independent state which no one can infringe upon, throwing its radiant rays all over the world.

Our Party and people who have made great victories and successes in all fields of revolution and construction by splendidly embodying the great revolutionary idea, the idea of *Juche*, of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the outstanding Marxist-Leninist and brilliant Leader of the revolution, are struggling more energetically for the complete and ultimate victory of socialism, upholding his outstanding ideas, theories and lines giving perfect answers to all the theoretical and practical problems newly arising on the untrodden path to socialism and communism.

Our Party, the General Staff of the Korean revolution, has also struggled with might and main to accomplish the South Korean revolution and the cause of national unification.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, reflecting the unanimous aspiration and desire of the entire Korean people, has consistently put forth a fair and aboveboard programme for unifying the fatherland independently in a peaceful way on a democratic basis without any outside interference and clarified with perspicacity the character and duty of the South Korean revolution and the task of struggle in each period on the basis of a profound scientific analysis of the balance of the class forces and the revolutionary situation in South Korea and is exerting all his efforts for its accomplishment.

Today the South Korean revolutionaries and patriotic people, revering Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, as the sun of the nation, are actively and gallantly waging the anti-U.S., national salvation struggle in the teeth of the enemy's harsh suppression, upholding the strategic and tactical line of the South Korean revolution and the unification of the fatherland put forth by him. The South Korean revolutionaries founded the Revolutionary Party for Reunification taking the great idea of *Juche* of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the sun of the nation, as the only guiding idea, and published its programme and manifesto and are reliably preparing for the decisive struggle for winning power, rallying broad revolutionary forces while firmly building up the main force of the revolution.

The day will surely come when the U.S. imperialists will be driven out of South Korea and the cause of national unification be accomplished by the united struggle of the people of North and South Korea.

As a reliable national detachment in the ranks of the world revolution, our Party, while struggling for the victory of the Korean revolution, has been striving with all efforts to strengthen the international solidarity of our revolution and promote the general development of the international revolutionary movement.

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Marxist-Leninist and strategic genius of revolution, illumined the most correct road for the development of the anti-imperialist, anti-U.S. struggle and the world revolution on the basis of a scientific analysis of the present international situation and the actual conditions of the international revolutionary movement. Today the basic strategy of the world revolution on directing the main spearhead to U.S. imperialism, line of achieving the international anti-U.S. joint action and anti-U.S. united front, the strategy of struggle on binding U.S. imperialism hand and foot and dealing a blow at it in all parts of the world, particularly on mutilating U.S. imperialism by all countries making revolution, revolutionary principle and ways for achieving the unity of the socialist countries and the solidarity of the international communist movement and so forth advanced by him are enjoying the unreserved support and sympathy of numerous communists and revolutionary peoples of the world and playing a great revolutionary part in promoting the cause of the world revolution.

For its great victories and successes made in revolution and construction in our country and for its outstanding contribution to the development of the world revolution, the international prestige and influence of our Party led by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great Leader, are rising as never before.

Our Party members and people have won proud victories and made shining achievements in the struggle for developing our revolution and the world revolution, following the banner of the ever-victorious Workers' Party of Korea founded and guided by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader.

Today we are confronted with the two great revolutionary duties—to achieve the complete victory of socialism in the northern half by dynamically expediting socialist construction under the tense situation in which we are directly standing face to face with the U.S. imperialists, the enemy, who are running wild to provoke a war again in Korea, and to accomplish the national liberation revolution on a nation-wide scale by actively supporting the revolutionary struggle of the South Korean people, the editorial stresses.

It points to the concrete tasks facing the Party in fulfilling these weighty and difficult revolutionary duties.

Only victory and glory are in store for our people advancing under the banner of the ever-victorious Workers' Party of Korea, a militant and revolutionary Party striking its roots in the glorious revolutionary traditions established by Comrade Kim Il Sung, the outstanding Leader of the revolution and guided by his great revolutionary ideas, the editorial emphasizes.

DPRK Government Denounces U.S., Lon Nol Clique for Rigging Up "Republic"

PYONGYANG, Oct. 12 (KCNA)—The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea issued on Oct. 11 a statement, resolutely denouncing the Lon Nol puppet clique of Cambodia for rigging up the so-called "republic" under the wirepulling of the U.S. imperialists and supporting the Oct 10 joint statement of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia, and the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the National United Front of Kampuchea and the Royal Government of National Union under the leadership of the National United Front of Kampuchea. The statement reads:

The U.S. imperialists who had been resorting to all kinds of intrigues to "legalize" at any cost the Lon Nol-Sirik Matak puppet regime, the heinous enemy of the Cambodian people, staged on Oct. 9 the farce of "proclaiming" Cambodia as the so-called "republic."

The Khmer "republic" is a brainchild of the U.S. imperialists' neo-colonialist scheme to cover up the country-selling treacherous nature of the traitorous Lon Nol clique and the aggressive colour of the U.S. imperialists and bolster up even a little the crumbling Lon Nol puppet regime.

Samdech Norodom Sihanouk, Head of State of Cambodia, and the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the National United Front of Kampuchea and the Royal Government of National Union under the leadership of the National United Front of Kampuchea made public on Oct. 10 a joint statement sharply exposing and denouncing the so-called "republic" concocted by the Lon Nol puppet clique as a completely illegal, anti-popular and anti-national one and appealing to the governments of all countries of the world not to recognize the "republic" of the Lon Nol clique.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people fully support the just stand clarified in the joint statement of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk and the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the National United Front of Kampuchea and the Royal Government of National Union and resolutely denounce the new criminal move of the U.S. imperialists and their lackeys, the Lon Nol puppet clique, as an intolerable insult to the Cambodian people.

As their nature was already exposed to the full before the world, the Lon Nol puppet clique are the faithful lackeys of the U.S. imperialists and traitorous fascist blackguards who staged the coup d'etat at the direct instigation of the U.S. imperialists, and have turned Cambodia into a colony of the U.S. imperialists and plunged the Cambodian people into the disasters of war.

Therefore, they are condemned and rejected by the Cambodian people and all the progressive peoples of Asia and the rest of the world.

All the facts patently show that the Lon Nol clique are nothing but a puppet ruling group barely subsisting only with the support of the bayonet of the U.S. imperialists.

The U.S. imperialists are now scheming to put a label of "legality" on the "republic" of the traitorous Lon Nol clique by using even the United Nations.

With no amount of crafty trick, however, can the U.S. imperialists whitewash the reactionary nature of the Lon Nol-Sirik Matak puppet clique.

The Lon Nol puppet clique can not represent the Cambodian people and accordingly, the "republic" trumped up by them can be recognized by no one.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people pungently denounce the U.S. imperialists and the Lon Nol puppet clique for their farce of rigging up the so-called "republic" and solemnly declare once again that they recognize only the Royal Government of National Union under the leadership of the National United Front of Kampuchea headed by Samdech Norodom Sihanouk as the solely legitimate government representing the genuine will and interests of the Cambodian people.

Today, the Royal Government of National Union under the leadership of the National United Front of Kampuchea has already liberated vast territory of Cambodia and a large number of people.

The Royal Government of National Union under the leadership of the National United Front of Kampuchea enjoys the unqualified support and trust of the Cambodian people and the sympathy and support of many countries of the world.

With no desperate frenzy can the U.S. imperialists hold in check the triumphant advance of the Cambodian people in their just struggle against U.S. aggression and for national salvation.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people will always firmly stand on the side of the Cambodian people who are staunchly fighting against the U.S. imperialists' brigandish armed invasion and continue to actively support with might and main their sacred struggle.

The Cambodian people and the Royal Government of National Union of Cambodia under the leadership of Samdech Norodom Sihanouk will win a final victory in their war of resistance against U.S. aggression and for national salvation in unity with the peoples of Vietnam and Laos and with the active support of the revolutionary peoples of the world.

We are firmly convinced that the day will certainly come when the heroic Cambodian people will drive the U.S. imperialists out of their country and build an independent, prosperous and anti-imperialist new Cambodia with Samdech Norodom Sihanouk as Head of State.

Congratulatory Group of Koreans Here Arrives in Pyongyang to Attend 5th WPK Congress

A congratulatory group of Koreans in Japan arrived at the Pyongyang Railway Station on the morning of Oct. 5 to attend the historic 5th Congress of the Workers' Party of Korea.

The five-member congratulatory group of Koreans in Japan is headed by Choe Yong Gun, Director of the Social and Economic Department of the Central Standing Committee of CHONGRYUN (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan).

Working people, youths and students in the city who are making the final sprint to scale all the heights of the Seven-Year Plan before the 5th Congress of the mother Party, turned out to the railway station from early morning with the warm kindred feelings toward the compatriots in Japan who are firmly arming themselves with the great revolutionary ideas of the respected and beloved Leader and waging a vigorous struggle for defending all their democratic, national rights and achieving the independent unification of the fatherland with the high pride and honour of being overseas citizens of the Republic.

They were respectfully carrying in their van a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people and the great sun of the nation, who leads the compatriots in Japan, together with the entire Korean people, along the one road of glorious victory, and holding high the placards reading "Long Live Comrade Kim Il Sung, the Great Leader of the 40 Million Korean People!" "Long Live the Workers' Party of Korea, the Organizer and Inspirer of All the Victories of the Korean People!"

The congratulatory group of Koreans in Japan alighted from the train, waving the flags of the Republic, amid the enthusiastic welcome of the masses waving the flags of the Republic and bouquets in their hands.

Comrades Pak Sung Chul, Kim Jung Rin; Li Guk Ro, Member of the Presidium of the Central Committee of the Fatherland Front; Kim Guk Tae, Director of a Department of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea; Kang Song San, Chief Secretary of the Pyongyang Municipal Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea; Kang Hui Won, Chairman of the Pyongyang Municipal People's Committee; Chon Chang Chol, Chairman of the Central Committee of the General Federation of Trade Unions; O Gi Chon, Chairman of the Central Committee of the League of Socialist Working Youth; and other responsible functionaries of Party and government organs and public organizations shook hands with the members of the congratulatory group.

Little girls presented them with bouquets.

The welcoming crowds exchanged their greetings of compatriotic love with the members of the congratulatory group laying five-color tapes and showering confetti on their path in the compound.

The congratulatory group arrived at the Chongjin Port on Oct. 3.

Upon setting foot on the soil of the fatherland they had longed for even in dreams amid the warm welcome of the masses, the congratulatory group members were met by functionaries of local Party and government organs and public organizations. (KCNA)

Short News From DPRK

*A treaty of mutual legal assistance in civil, family and penal cases and a consular agreement between the DPRK and the Hungarian People's Republic were signed in Pyongyang on Oct. 5.

*The 1970 working plan was signed on Oct. 6 in Pyongyang for executing the agreement on cultural cooperation between the Governments of the DPRK and the Czechoslovak Socialist Republic.

*A trade agreement and an agreement on scientific and technical cooperation between the Governments of the DPRK and the Republic of Central Africa were signed on Oct. 6 in Pyongyang.

Visit to DPRK's Merchandise Show

World's People Envy Korea as Country Rich in Minerals

The Democratic People's Republic of Korea's Merchandise Show which is being held in Tokyo, Japan, is greatly impressing visitors with whom the exhibition hall has been packed since its opening.

Samples of Korea's useful high-quality minerals and various kinds of building materials including marble are displayed on the 6th floor of the exhibition building.

Korea has won the world's reputation as a country abundant in gold and silver since the early days of its history. Deposits of many useful minerals have been found in 80 per cent of the total area of Korea.

Over 320 kinds of minerals have already been discovered in the country, including over 200 kinds of economic value.

In particular, Korea is the world's largest producer of magnesite and graphite. Its deposits of magnesite are estimated at over 6.5 billion tons. Korea's magnesite and grapiite are internationally recognized as superior in quality. Korea also produces large amounts of superior-quality tungsten.

Geologists visiting the exhibition focus their eyes on titanium which is not only superior in rigidity and light in weight but also highly resistant to rust and heat.

Indeed, Korea, known in the world as a country rich in minerals has conditions very favourable for industrial development.

This reliably guarantees its independent national economy.

However, the existence of rich and useful minerals alone cannot solve all problems arising in the development of the national economy. Their solution greatly depends on how to mine and utilize such material resources.

Under the wise guidance of Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, the DPRK Government has concentrated its efforts on the development of the mining industry, an indispensable factor for the development of different kinds of industries, since the first days of the Liberation.

Open-cast mining is widely undertaken in the northern half of the DPRK so that workers may do their mining work on the ground without doing any underground work which is undertaken in other countries.

Open-cast mining ensures safety for miners' work and provides a favourable condition for their health.

It also helps to introduce highly-productive work methods and techniques while raising labour efficiency 3-5 times as compared with underground mining work, reducing production cost 2-3 times.

The northern half of the Republic is now domestically satisfying almost all demand of industries for minerals.

A great variety of high-quality minerals are exported every year to many countries in large quantities. This year, Japan imported larger quantities of minerals from the northern half of the Republic than last year.

Building stones exhibited in cases next those for minerals, too, draw large crowds of visitors.

Korea is rich in granite, marble and other stones. These stones are used not only for construction purposes but as materials of works of art or handicraft.

Visitors attentively watch specimens of minerals on display at the DPRK's Merchandise Show now open in Tokyo.

A marble-made fruit vessel and a mosaic of Mangyongdae shown on the display stand show the high levels of Korea's stone works.

Mr. Takaharu Imayoshi of the geological survery room of the National Museum in Tokyo said, "I am convinced that Korea will become a far more powerful country in the future since it has abundant underground resources and great industrial potential.

Industrial development requires abundant underground resources plus advanced technology capable of utilizing them. Korea has developed such technology.

Premier Kim Il Sung has enabled the Korean people to develop it. He is a great man indeed."

U.S. Imperialism, Stop Running Wild to Provoke New War of Aggression in Korea!

EDITORIAL

Of late the U.S. imperialists are launching intensive efforts to provoke a new war of aggression in Korea behind the smokescreen of the deceptive rumours about the "reduction" of their aggressor troops occupying South Korea. The U.S. imperialist aggressors have virtually coiled, ready to strike the Korean people in a new Korean War.

The spokesman of the Foreign Ministry of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea issued on Oct. 14 a statement, sternly warning the U.S. imperialists against their reckless military provocations which may instantly lead to another war in Korea. In the statement the spokesman of the DPRK Foreign Ministry scathingly denounced the U.S. imperialists for frantically intensifying the new war provocation maneuverings.

We, 600,000 Korean nationals in Japan, fully supporting the ust stand of the DPRK Government stated in the statement released by the DPRK Foreign Ministry spokesman, join the people in the homeland in resolutely condemning the U.S. imperialist maneuverings to unleash a new war of aggression against the northern half of the DPRK, as an intolerable challenge to the entire Korean people and the peace-loving peoples of the world, as a grave act of jeopardizing peace in Asia and the rest of the world.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, said:

"The U.S. imperialist maneuvers to provoke a new war in Korea have already reached a grave stage. They have made active preparations for another war in South Korea and set about committing military provocations more openly against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea."

In flagrant violation of the truce agreement, the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops fired over 100,000 rounds of ammunition from heavy weapons at various positions of the Korean People's Army situated in the Kimpo peninsula in the western sector of the front on Oct. 7, 8 and 10, thus creating a near war situation in the area. Earlier, on Oct. 1, U.S. imperialist military aircraft intruded the air space of the DPRK on a hostile mission.

Recently, the U.S. imperialists have announced a plan to move to South Korea by the end of October an "F-4 Phantom" fighter-bomber group consisting of three squadrons from Japan.

As a step to give detailed instructions on the spot as to the war preparations, the villainous commander of the U.S 7th fleet sneaked into Seoul, South Korea on Oct. 12 and had war confabs with the Pak Jung Hi clique.

The U.S. 7th fleet and the South Korean puppet navy waged large-scale "South Korea-U.S. joint maneuvers" in the East Sea for one week starting on Sept. 23. On Sep. 22 and 23, the biggest "operation of landing on the enemy position" in history was staged in the same waters under the imaginary condition of invading the northern half of the DPRK.

The U.S. imperialists are noisily clamoring about the war games scheduled for early next year, larger in scale than the so-called "Focus Retina" operation, staged in March last year.

From January to July this year, the U.S. imperialists committed a total of over 6,500 violations of the Korean armistice agreement, including armed attacks and firing of bullets and shells in the Military Demarcation Line.

The scoundrels are also utilizing the rumours about "U.S. troop reduction" and the non-existent "threat from the North" in order to reinforce and modernize their aggressor troops and the South Korean puppet army. They are hurriedly building and expanding military airstrips and other military installations, railways, roads and harbors.

The revived Japanese militarists, now serving the U.S. imperialists as a "shock brigade" in their aggressive policy, are launching military inroads into South Korea. The Japanese "Self-Defence Forces" are vigorously reinforced to meet the demands of the U.S. imperialist war designs on Korea.

All the necessary steps have been taken to streamline and beef up the "U.S.-South Korea-Japan joint operational setup" in a major move to coordinate their action in provoking a new war.

All these hard facts clearly show how undisguisedly and frantically the U.S. imperialist aggressors are trying to provoke a new war of aggression in Korea under the veil of the false rumours about the "reduction" of their aggressor troops occupying South Korea.

These facts also bespeak that a new war may be provoked at any moment by the U.S. imperialists against the Korean people.

All the frantic new war provocation maneuverings of the U.S. imperialists are part of their attempt to bolster up their colonial rule over South Korea now collapsing in the face of the anti-U.S. national salvation struggles which the South Korean people are now vigorously undertaking, inspired by the steadily growing political, economic and military might of the northern half of the DPRK. Their criminal action is accompanied by the fascist suppression of the South Korean people.

So, the intensified aggressive maneuverings do not show the mightiness of the U.S. imperialists; on the contrary, they indicate their vulnerability. These machinations are death-bed struggles of the moribund U.S. imperialists, struck by the peoples of Korea and the rest of the world.

As the DPRK Government stated in its warnings, the Korean people are closely following the criminal acts of the U.S. imperialists and their minions with heightened vigilance and will never tolerate them.

So long as the U.S. imperialists stay in South Korea, there will be neither durable peace in Korea and Asia nor reunification of Korea.

The U.S. imperialists must immediately and unconditionally get out of South Korea and Asia, taking with them all their aggressor army and lethal weapons.

If the U.S. imperialists continue to worsen the situation in Korea and unleash a new war, ignoring the unanimous condemnation of the Korean people and the peace-loving peoples of the world including the fighting Asian peoples, they will certainly sustain a still heavier defeat than the one they suffered in the Korean War.

The Korean people and the Korean People's Army, commanded by their great Leader and ever-victorious, iron-willed brilliant commander, are fully prepared to counter and crush any type of U.S. imperialist aggression.

Let Us Oppose Revival of Japanese Militarism!

S. Korean People's Stubborn Struggle Against Japanese Militarist Reinvasion

Twenty-five years have elapsed since Korea was liberated from the yoke of the colonial rule of the Japanese imperialists. Today, the Japanese militarists revived under the patronage of the U.S. imperialists are intensifying their political, economic, military and ideological and cultural inroads into South Korea in an attempt to swallow Korea again with the support of the U.S. imperialists.

The Japanese militarists have become a dangerous aggressive force who stands against the Korean people in their struggle to realize the unification of their country.

South Korea has been reduced to a dual colony of the U.S. and Japanese imperialists and the South Korean people are living in extreme poverty and in a state of lack of rights and are subjected to all sorts of national insults and maltreatment.

Because of this, the South Korean people have waged stubborn struggles against the U.S. imperialists and the Japanese militarists who are preventing them from realizing the unification of their country and bringing all misfortunes and hardships on them. Their struggles are increasing vigor as the days go by.

It is clear from their struggles in recent years that the South Korean people's resistance to the enemies has been further intensified.

In the Mar. 24-Jun. 3 struggle which started with the demonstrations of the South Korean students and youths against the "ROK-Japan Talks" in Mar. 24, 1964, the demonstrators boldly struggled against the reinvasion plots of the Japanese militarists in defiance of blood-stained suppression by the U.S. and Japanese imperialists, shouting the slogans: "Down with Japanese militarism!" "We resolutely oppose the nation-selling 'ROK-Japan Talks'!" and "Unmask U.S. imperialism!" etc.

Over 310,000 students and youths and tens of thousands of South Korean people in other walks of life had taken part in this struggle.

The South Korean students and youths who had launched the Mar. 24-Jun. 3 struggle again waged a fierce struggle to smash the "ROK-Japan Treaty" in August, 1965.

Shouting the slogans, "Nullify the 'ROK-Japan Treaty'!" "Dissolve the traitorous National Assembly!" "Down with the treacherous regime!" the South Korean students and youths kept on bloody struggles almost daily in spite of barbarous suppression by the puppet troops and police numbering tens of thousands.

Over 83,000 students including those of 26 universities and four high schools in various parts of South Korea took part in the struggles from Aug. 20 to 29, and thousands of citizens joined in this struggle together with the students.

The South Korean students, youths and people continued this struggle stubbornly for a year and a half.

After the struggle in August, they waged struggles against the intrigues of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique to stay in "power for a 3rd term through a constitutional amendment."

All the struggles such as the Mar. 24-Jun. 3 struggle, the August struggle and the struggles against the Pak Jung Hi puppets' bid for a "3rd term" were anti-imperialist, anti-puppet and anti-fascist struggle in nature.

Those struggles aroused the greater anti-Japanese sentiments among the South Korean people.

The indignation of the South Korean people at the reinvasion plot of the Japanese militarists was further intensified, when Sato, Prime Minister of Japan, declared in the "U.S.-Japan joint statement" issued in November, last year, that the security of South Korea is indispensable for Japan and that Japan would advance into South Korea.

These sentiments against the Japanese militarists are clearly reflected in articles in the South Korean newspapers of late.

A South Korean daily "Choson Ilbo" dated Mar. 3 1970 declared: "We cannot stand no longer.... We warn the Japanese not to nurse an illusion that they have established their influence in South Korea." "Tonga Ilbo" dated Aug. 28, warned: "The relations between the ROK and Japan are not developing in a favourable direction. We cannot close our eyes to the growing influence of the Japanese expansionists." "Ryongnam Ilbo" dated Mar. 6 wrote in denunciation of the reinvasion of the Japanese militarists: "...Unless we are cautious about them, history will repeat itself." recalling the bitter experiences under the 36-year-long Japanese imperialist colonial rule.

Voices denouncing the Japanese militarists for their reinvasion of South Korea under the patronage of the U.S. imperialists are rapidly spreading among the broad sections of the South Korean people.

Also, patriotic residents in Seoul tore off on two occasions this year the signboard of the Japanese "embassy," a sign reminiscent of the past "Government-General of Korea."

In March this year when "Choson Ilbo" polled 100 South Koreans in all walks of life picked by the random sampling method, 99 of the polled reportedly stressed the need to heighten vigilance against the reinvasion of South Korea by the Japanese militarists.

These facts clearly show to what extent the anti-Japanese sentiments of the South Korean people have reached.

Recently the Japanese militarists are intruding extensively into South Korea, trumpeting that the "reduction of the U.S. army will make it necessary for Japan to partially undertake the role so far played by the U.S." in South Korea and that "Japan must take a positive step to map out a plan to help South Korea."

Thus, the Japanese militarists are acting as the second master in South Korea. Japanese militarism has become a dangerous force standing in the way of reunification of Korea.

However, the South Korean people have never forgotten the bitter experiences they had under the 36-year colonial rule of the Japanese imperialists.

They have nerve enough to wage a struggle against the increasing reinvasion plot of the Japanese militarists.

The struggle against Japanese militarism which spelled incalculable misfortunes and hardships to the Korean and Asian peoples, is the struggle for peace in Asia and in the world and a link in the chain of the struggle against U.S. imperialism.

The socialist countries and all the revolutionary peoples of Asia and of the world should make the Japanese militarists impotent in the international arena and smash their aggressive designs through concerted action.

The Korean people of today are not what they were yesterday.

They are the nation which has a mighty socialist power led by Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader.

Japanese militarism must not run wild but look straight at the stark reality.

Let the Japanese militarists discontinue their reinvasion of South Korea!

All the Korean people who are firmly rallied behind Marshal Kim Il Sung, the great Leader of the 40 million Korean people, and are fighting for the unification of their country, will certainly drive the U.S. imperialists out of South Korea, smash the reinvasion plot of the Japanese militarists and overthrow the Pak Jung Hi clique to unify their country in their generation.

The South Korean people and students are continously struggling against the Japanese militarist reinvasion of South Korea. Photo shows South Korean students demonstrating against the nation-selling "South Korea-Japan Talks" in the Mar. 24-Jun. 3, 1964 struggle.

Warmonger Nixon TV Speech Contains Nothing New: Political Propaganda Trick

Recently Nixon, the warlike boss of U.S. imperialism, made a TV speech on Vietnam and the rest of Southeast Asia.

This is a political propaganda trick full of falsehood and deception, a crafty "peace" hoax of the U.S. imperialists to make evil appear good and a trite preaching of aggression and war containing nothing new.

By resorting to a "peace trick" the Nixon clique attempt to fool world public opinion by pretending to have some interest in a fair solution of the Indochinese question and dampen the struggle of the U.S. people against the U.S. imperialists' aggressive wars in Vietnam and the rest of Indochina. And by putting the deceptive "five-point proposal" the Nixon clique mean to oppose it to the eight-point proposal put forth recently by the delegation of the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Republic of South Vietnam at the Paris Conference on Vietnam, mislead world public opinion and thus belittle the justness of the eight-point proposal.

The aggressors who crept into Vietnam and the rest of Indochina thousands of miles away from their country are hammering away at poppycock, far from taking off their blood-stained hands.

This is a shameful act of robbers. In his proposal for a "peace conference on Indochina" this rascal pursues the sinister design to confuse the aggressor and its victim, befog the heinous criminal nature of the U.S. imperialists, the aggressors, and hurl absurd slanders and calumnies at the Democratic Republic of Vietnam, the victim.

Nixon's heinous and despicable trick finds a vivid expression in his utterances on the "political solution" of the South Vietnam question.

The "political solution" on the lips of Nixon is designed to maintain their colonial rule there by putting up a handful of the puppets.

In their "peace" trick the Nixon clique seek a sinister design to undermine the just stand and principle of the Democratic Republic of Vietnam and the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Republic of South Vietnam on the Vietnam question and thus extricate themselves from the isolation they have landed themselves in in connection with their aggressive war in Vietnam and create a favourable condition for them in the coming midterm election of the U.S. Congress.

With no amount of fraudulent method or political trick, however, can the U.S. imperialists cover up their heinous nature as the criminals of the aggressive wars against Vietnam and the rest of Indochina or placate the daily mounting opinion of the peoples of the U.S. and the rest of the world against the U.S. imperialists' aggressive war in Indochina.

Marshal Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader, taught as follows:

"...**Today, the U.S. imperialist aggressors are suffering one defeat after another in the whole areas of Indochina—the land of indomitable Vietnam, Cambodia and Laos—and are bogged down into an inextricable mire.**"

The U.S. imperialists' ever intensified maneuvers of aggression and war against the peoples of Vietnam and the rest of Indochina only drive the aggressors deeper into an inextricable morass of defeat.

The U.S. imperialists must withdraw immediately, unconditionally and completely from South Vietnam and the rest of Indochina, taking along their aggressor forces and troops of their puppet and satellite countries and leave the questions of Vietnam and other Indochinese countries to the peoples of these countries.

This is a genuine and only road to the solution of the Vietnam question and other Indochinese questions.

Many S. Korean Children Killed in U.S. War Games

A rocket shell thrown away by the U.S. imperialist aggressors during their frantic criminal war exercise blew up, killing four South Korean children on Oct. 12 in Chonghak-*ri*, Byolnae *myon*, Yangju county, Kyonggi Province, according to a radio report from South Korea.

The U.S. imperialist aggressors set up a shooting range near the village and feverishly conducted "shooting exercises," throwing away explosives all around to kill innocent South Korean children.

In Eujongbu, Kyonggi Province, two children were seriously wounded on Oct. 12 by explosives of the U.S. imperialist aggressors who were running wild in war exercises.

Such tragedies are further increasing as the U.S. imperialist aggressors viciously step up their preparations for a new war in Korea.

The South Korean people are raising their voices higher, hating and denouncing the U.S. imperialists who impose unbearable misfortunes and disasters upon them.

Rodong Sinmun Charges U.S.-Japanese Monopoly Capital in Plotting to Plunder S. Korean Resources in Continental Shelf

PYONGYANG, Oct. 13 (KCNA)—The U.S. imperialists who had been resorting to every crafty and sinister scheme to plunder the resources of the continental shelf in the South and West Seas of our country recently concluded with the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique a so-called "contract" for the "prospecting" and "development" of the resources of the continental shelf south of Cheju Island, according to a report.

Under this aggressive "contract" the U.S. imperialist monopolies reportedly seized the "right to mining" for 30 years the resources of the continental shelf in the South Sea of our country.

Meanwhile, the Japanese militarists palavered that they would hold from around the end of October the so-called "diplomatic consultations" with the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique about the question of the "legal right to possess" the continental shelf in the South and West Seas of our country.

Rodong Sinmun, organ of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea, today, commenting on the scheme to plunder the resources of the continental shelf, says:

This clearly shows that the U.S. imperialist aggressors who illegally occupied the southern half of our fatherland plundered and subordinated all its resources to their aggressive purposes and the Japanese militarists, who, with the backing of U.S. imperialism, infiltrated into South Korea and seized major economic arteries of South Korea and tried hard to subjugate South Korea again are now even covetous of submarine resources of our country and are working hard to plunder them.

The commentary goes on:

Comrade Kim Il Sung, the respected and beloved Leader of the 40 million Korean people, said:

"**Today U.S. imperialism is using the aid policy as a major tool of overseas expansion under the ostentatious signboard of joint development of underdeveloped countries and, through the so-called aid, it is paving the way for overseas infiltration of monopoly capital. By means of exporting huge amounts of capital and obtaining various colonial concessions, the imperialists have seized hold of the levers of control of the economy in many countries of the world. Therefore, the monopoly capital of imperialism continues to ruthlessly rob those countries of their rich natural resources and their industrious people of the fruits of their labour.**"

In the past 25 years the U.S. imperialists have seized all the economic arteries of South Korea and plundered the underground resources and wealth of South Korea lock, stock and barrel under the slogan of "aid" and "joint development" and subordinated them to their policy of aggression and war.

It pursues the aim of plundering the resources of South Korea at cheap price and raking up high superprofits and at the same time securing on the spot strategic resources urgently needed for aggressive war against the northern half of the Republic and the militarization of the economy that the U.S. imperialist aggressors are now working hard to "develop" the resources of the continental shelf in the South and West Seas of South Korea.

And the impudent Sato clique laid claim to no small part of the continental shelf south of Cheju Island of our country and the Japanese monopoly capital has already started "prospecting" and resources of the continental shelf there.

For the Sato clique to arbitrarily lay "claim to" the continental shelf in the waters of our country and start prospecting it is a brigandish aggressive act against the sovereignty and national interests of our country. It can never be tolerated.

Yet, the traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique are twaddling about "consultation" with the Japanese militarists on the question of the "right" to the continental shelf in the waters of South Korea.

This is an unpardonable criminal act which can be committed only by such dirty traitors to the nation as the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

It is illegal for the Japanese militarists to "consult" with the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique on the question of the right." This is an unbearable insult to our people.

The Korean people will never tolerate the sinister aggression and plunder of our continental shelf by the U.S. imperialists and the Japanese militarists.

DPRK Foreign Office Sternly Warns U.S. Imperialists Against Provoking New War in Korea

PYONGYANG, Oct. 14 (KCNA)—A spokesman of the Foreign Ministry of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea issued a statement today in connection with the recent more frantic military provocations of the U.S. imperialists against the Korean people.

The statement says:

Of late the U.S. imperialists are ever more frantically stepping up maneuvers for new aggression and war provocation against the Korean people.

In crude violation of the Korean armistice agreement the U.S. imperialist aggressor army committed the large-scale armed provocation of firing more than 100,000 bullets at our side from heavy weapons at various points in the area of the Kimpo peninsula in the western sector of the front on four occasions for the three days of Oct. 7, 8 and 10, thereby creating a serious situation reminiscent of a state of war in this area. This is one of the most serious cases in military provocations perpetrated recently by the U.S. imperialist aggressors against our side.

Earlier, on Sep. 23 and 27, too, the U.S. imperialist aggressor army fired from heavy weapons including mortars thousands of shells and bullets at our side in the central sector of the front and infiltrated again on Oct. 1 military aircraft into the area of our side in the western sector of the front to perpetrate hostile provocative acts.

The U.S. imperialists have already brought illegally into South Korea a large number of modern aircraft and combat equipment and transferred them to the puppet army. In the wake of this, they have decided to bring into South Korea by the end of October an "F-4 Phantom" fighter group consisting of three squadrons of the air force of the U.S. imperialist aggressor troops entrenched in Japan, as a link in their scheme to continuously reinforce the U.S. imperialist aggressor army occupying South Korea.

Meanwhile, the villainous commander of the U.S. 7th fleet, a war servant of U.S. imperialism, crept into South Korea on Oct. 12 to have a new war confab with the brasshats of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army occupying South Korea and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

Synchronizing with such unending military provocations and war maneuvers, the U.S. imperialist aggressors committed the grave provocation of mobilizing a total of more than 200 armed bandits in the joint security area in Panmunjom for the two days of Oct. 9 and 12 to commit sudden collective violence against personnel of our side who were on their routine duty. After that, the U.S. imperialist aggressors did not turn up to the meeting of the Military Armistice Commission called by our side, thus sabotaging the normal activities of the Military Armistice Commission.

The fact that today the U.S. imperialists are perpetrating in succession vicious provocative acts once again clearly shows how wild they are running to provoke a new war of aggression in Korea behind the curtain of the deceptive farce of the so-called "reduction" of the U.S. imperialist aggressor army occupying South Korea.

The continued armed provocations of the U.S. imperialist aggressors are an intolerable, wanton violation of the Korean armistice agreement, and they are not only an open challenge to the Korean people but also a new grave menace to peace in Asia and the world.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people pungently condemn the reckless machinations of the U.S. imperialist aggressors and their lackeys to provoke a new war and resolutely denounce them.

The latest military provocations of the U.S. imperialist aggressors are by no means an isolated phenomenon. They are a product of the planned machinations the U.S. imperialists are stepping up to unleash a new war of aggression, dispatching war servants one after another to South Korea to direct and supervise war preparations on the spot and bringing there large quantities of new type weapons and combat equipment.

The tension in Korea has been extremely keyed up owing to the repeated machinations of U.S. imperialism for the provocation of a new war.

However, the daily intensified machinations of the U.S. imperialists to provoke a new war are no sign of their mightiness; on the contrary, they show that they are in a more difficult position.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Korean people are always watching the reckless provocations of the U.S. imperialist aggressors with high vigilance and are in full readiness to decisively crush any invasion of U.S. imperialism.

The U.S. imperialists must stop running riot.

The U.S. imperialists must discontinue at once all the machinations of aggression and war provocation against the Korean people and quit South Korea without delay, taking along their aggressor army and lethal weapons.

Should the U.S. imperialists keep aggravating the situation in Korea and persistently take the road of war despite the unanimous denunciation by the Korean people and the world people, they will never be able to escape a severe punishment and will be burnt to death once and for all in the flames they themselves kindle.

The People's Korea

Published every Wednesday by Choson Sinbosa
Office: 5, Tsukudo Hachiman-cho, Shinjuku-ku, Tokyo Japan
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